

Sunday, July 15

Sunday, July 15

Sunday, July 16

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Unique ID Creator Year Storage Location

A178 Museo Nacional De Bellas Artes July 1985 RRFA-10: Box 17, Folder 1

Description

Robert Rauschenberg's itinerary for his July 1985 trip to Chile prepared by Museo Nacional De Bellas Artes

Physical Details

typescript on paper with handwritten annotation, 2 sheets, 13 x 8 1/2"

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Original Source

Donald Saff records on Rauschenberg Overseas Culture Interchange (ROCI). Robert Rauschenberg Foundation Archives, New York

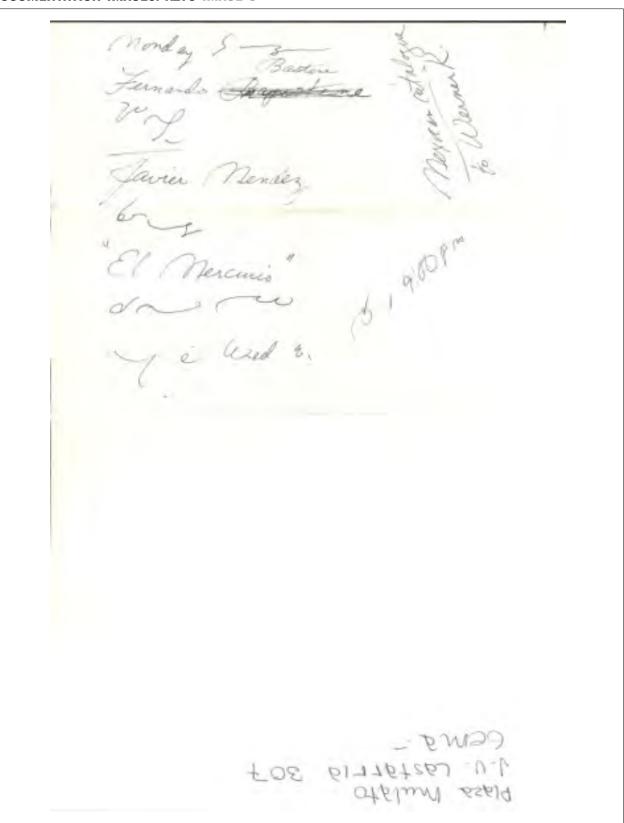


DOCUMENTATION IMAGES: A178 IMAGE 2

Wedness	day, July 17
19100 4	The Minister of Education and other subhorities will be present. Artists, writers and friends of the Museum have been invited, as well as diplomatic cir - cies, the media and art drities.
Thursda	W. Lunch at Ann Chilean Pre-Colombian Museum, offered by its Difector, Mr. Carlos Aldunate, for Mr. Raus-
Ti3A P	by its Director, Mr. Carlos Aldunate, for Mr. Raus- chenderg. Mr. Enrique Canpos N. and Mr. José Dono- so have been invites, as well as archimet, Mr. Swr glu Larrain, who donated his Pre-Colembian collec- tion to the Museum; and Mistorian, Mr. Julie Reta- mal.
5:00 P.	.m. We are organizing meeting at the Musco Racional de Bellss Artes with artists and writers. Will inform you in time as to who will be present.
19:30	Linus w Donoso - at Maris Linus Ligate - Minister of Edu
10 a	30 7 instead of Minister of Edu
	nothing on Friday



DOCUMENTATION IMAGES: A178 IMAGE 3





40

54

Bob has planned major project which will be a disaster if we do not receive stones soon. Would appreciate it if you would follow up on this. Hope things are well Would love to see you on your next trip to (ROCI USF). UxSA.

Unique ID

Creator

Year

Storage Location

A180

Robert Rauschenberg studio

1986

RRFA-10: Box 17, Folder 3

Description

Note regarding lapis lazuli stones for *Araucan Mastaba / ROCI Chile* (1986)

typescript on paper with handwritten annotations, 4 x 6"

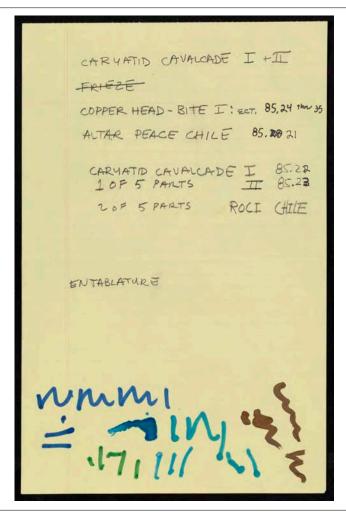
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Original Source

Donald Saff records on Rauschenberg Overseas Culture Interchange (ROCI). Robert Rauschenberg Foundation Archives, New York





Unique ID A464 Creator

Year

undated

Storage Location RRFA-01: Box WN3

Description

Robert Rauschenberg's handwritten list of ROCI Chile artwork titles

Robert Rauschenberg

Physical Details

graphite and ink on paper, 13 1/4 x 8 1/2"

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Original Source

Robert Rauschenberg papers. Robert Rauschenberg Foundation Archives, New York





Unique IDCreatorYearStorage LocationA842El MercurioJuly 11, 1985RRFA-01: Box PE90

Description

ROCI Chile newspaper clipping, including a cartoon about Robert Rauschenberg, from El Mercurio

Physical Details

newspaper clipping, 7 1/2 x 15"

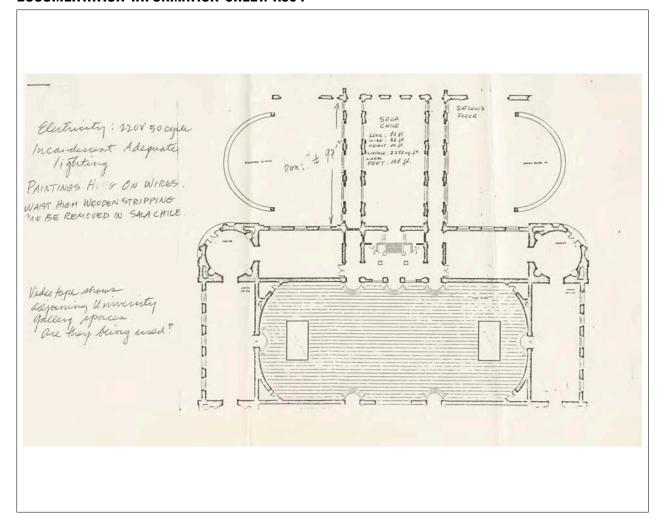
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Original Source

Robert Rauschenberg papers. Robert Rauschenberg Foundation Archives, New York





Unique IDCreatorYearStorage LocationA854Unattributed1985RRFA-14: Box 6

Description

Exhibition floor plan of *Rauschenberg Overseas Culture Interchange: ROCI CHILE* exhibition, Museo Nacional de Bellas Artes, Santiago, Chile

Physical Details

printed paper with handwritten annotations, 3 sheets, 8 1/2 x 14"

Rights

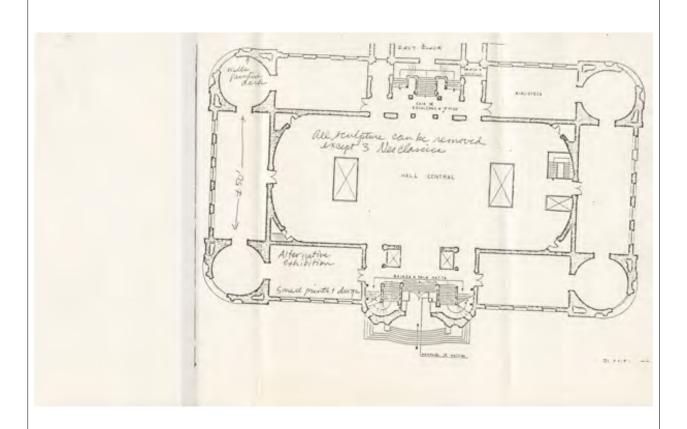
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Original Source

Charles Yoder records related to the Robert Rauschenberg Studio. Robert Rauschenberg Foundation Archives, New York

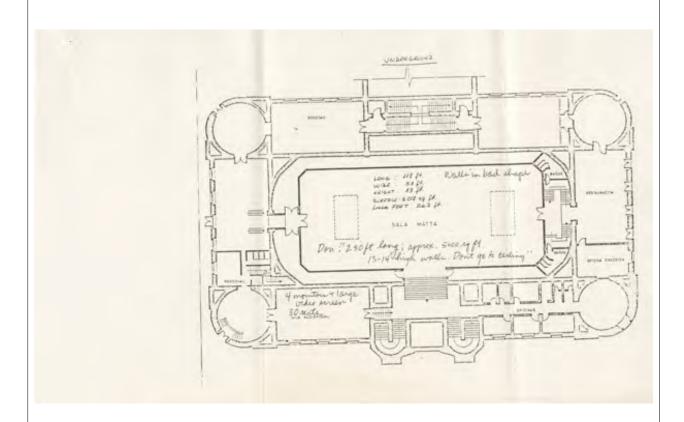


DOCUMENTATION IMAGES: A854 IMAGE 2

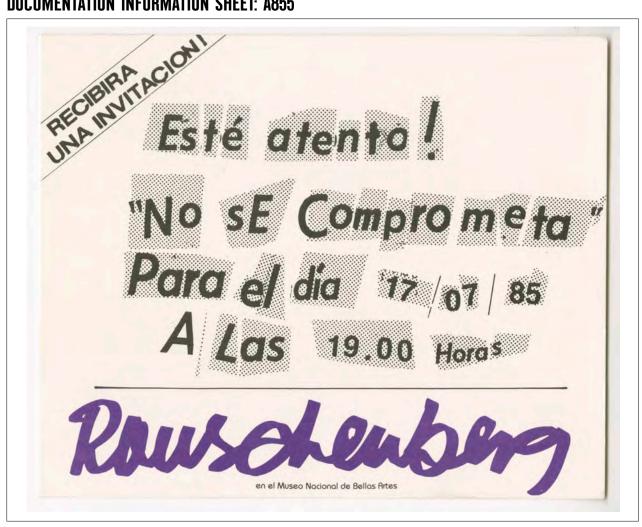




DOCUMENTATION IMAGES: A854 IMAGE 3







Unique ID Creator Year Storage Location A855 1985 RRFA-01: Box PE81

Description

Invitation to the Rauschenberg Overseas Culture Interchange: ROCI CHILE exhibition at the Museo Nacionalde Bellas Arts, Santiago, Chile

Physical Details

printed paper, 4 3/4 x 5 3/4"

Copyright restrictions may apply.

Original Source

Robert Rauschenberg papers. Robert Rauschenberg Foundation Archives, New York



Select materials related to ROCI: Chile - low-resolution scans only

JUL 7 '86 14:16 CAPTIVA-813-472-8257

PAGE.02

United States Information Service

Embassy of the United States of America Agustinas 1343 Santiago, Chile

Tel. 82801-9



June 10, 1986

Mr. Robert Raushenberg P.O. Box 54 Captiva Island Florida, 33924

Dear Mr. Raushenberg:

I am delighted to inform you that you have been awarded the enclosed certificate by the Circle of Arts Critics of Chile for the quality of the "El Viajero Mundo de Robert Raushenberg" exhibition shown at the Museo Nacional de Bellas Artes of Santiago during July and August, 1985. Each year, the Circle of Arts Critics awards these distinctions for the most outstanding achievements in all areas of the arts. You were selected the 1985 winner in the plastic arts category.

Although I was in the United States during the months in which the exhibition was shown in Santiago, I am aware of the show's great success from the many favorable comments I heard about it when I returned to Chile. I certainly wish I had been able to see it and to have had the pleasure of meeting you.

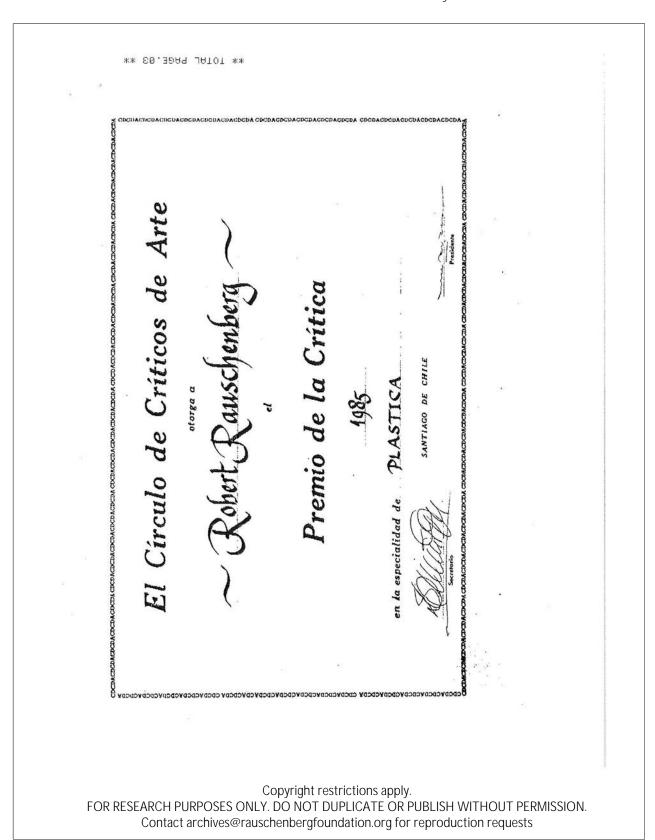
Please accept my congratulations for your well-deserved award.

Peter DeShazo

First Secretary Cultural Attaché



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PAGE.01

To: ROCI TAMPA Frm: bjf

THE FOLLOWING rec'D TODAY.

ACTUAL CERTIFICATE

ACTUAL CERTIFICATE

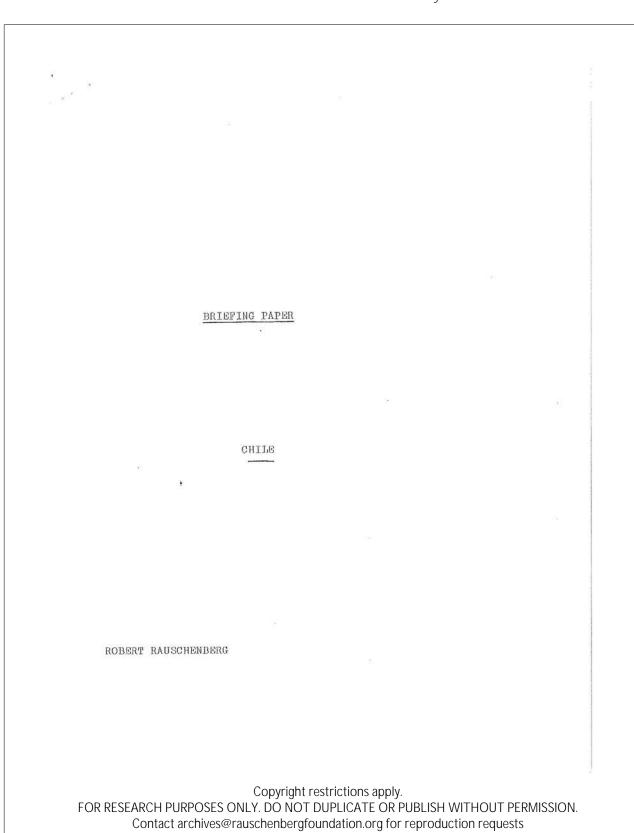
MUCH LARGER ... WOUT repro

MUCH LARGER very WELL.

ON OUR COPIER VERY WELL.



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Select materials related to ROCI: Chile - low-resolution scans only

Population

11,486,000

People

There is less diversity in Chile than in most Latin American countries. There are about 150,000 pure blooded indigenous Indians; 95% of them live in the forest land around Temuco, between the Bio-Bio and Tolten rivers. A fifth is European; the rest is mestizo, a compound of bloods. The influence throughout Chile of the immigrants is out proportion to their numbers: their signature on the land is marked in German colonization of Valdivia, Puerto Montt, Puerto Varas and Osorno.

The Metropolitan Region of Santiago contains, on its own, about 38% of the whole population.

Today, there is process an intense urbanization of the populace. The cities are expanding, partly because so many people have left the land, and some 80% now live in the towns. Housing in the cities has not often kept pace with the increased population, about 200,000 Chileans live in slum areas called callampas (mushrooms) in the outskirts of Satiago.

Capital: Santiago(1983 metro est.)4,085,000

History

Native Indians had occupied the country before the coming of the Spaniards, but probably not in great numbers. In 1530 Pizarro and Almagro began the occupation of Peru.Northern Chile was under Inca rule before the Spanish conquest, 1536-40. The Southern Auraucanian Indians resisted until the late 19-1 century.

In 1810 anumber of Chilean leaders, including Bernardo O'Higgins revolted against Spain. This revolt led to seven years of war against the occupying troops of Spain. O'Higgins became the first head of state: under him the first constitution was drafted.

In 1970 a marxist coalition assumed under Dr. Salvador Allende; the quick pace of change under his regime polarized the country into Left-and Right-wing camps. Gradually increasing social and economic chaos formed the background for Allende's deposition by the army and death in September 1973. A military regime now rules the country. Under the new Constitution put into effect on March 11,1981, President Pinochet is expected to remain in office until March 1989, when the military junta will nominate a single presidential candidate for election. Pressures for a faster timetable in the return to democracy have mounted, and monthly days of demonstration were started in May 1983.

Food

Chileans eat their main meal in the early afternoon. Most well-to-do familes prefer French-style cooking. Most Chileans drink wine with their meals. Coffee and tea are also popular.



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What gives Chilean food its personality is the seafood. The delicious conger eel is a national dish, and caldillo de congrio (a soup served with a massive piece of conger, onlons, and potato balls) is well worth eating. Parrillada de mariscos is a dish of grilled mixed seafood, brought to the table piping hot on a charcoal brazier. Other excellent local fish are the cojinoa, the albacora (swordfish) and the corvina. Ice cream is very good; lucuma and chirimoya are highly recommended flavors.

Lunch is about 1300 and not before 2030.Onces(Elevenses) is tea taken at 1700 often accompanied by a couple of fried eggs. The cocktail hour starts at 1900.Waters are known as garzon-never as mozo.

Religion

Chilean law provides freedom of worship and forbids any religious group from taking an official part in the government. Most Chileans are Roman Catholic. Jews and Protestants make up about 5% of the population. Some Araucanian Indians still follow their ancient tribal religion.

Government

Head of State: President Aogusto Pinochet Ugarte; born November 25, 1915; in office: September 11, 1973.

A military junta seized power September 11,1973, and said Allende killed himself. The junta named a mostly military cabinet, and announced plans to "exterminate Marxism."

A certain measure of political liberalization took place in 1978, including the replacement of the state of siege by a state of emergency and the lifting of the curfew, but many were withdrawn because of the mass political demonstrations in 1983 and 1984.

Education

Compared to the people of most other Latin-American countries, Chileans are well educated. Almost 90% of Chile's people can read and write. In 1928; the government established a system of free elementary schools and children must attend school from ages 7 to 15 years. Few children attend school beyond the elementary grades. Only about 30 per cent of Chile's go to high school, and less than 1 per cent graduate. The largest of Chile's eight universities, the government-supported University of Chile has more than 22,500 students. The Catholic University of Chile, also in Santiago is one of the outstanding Roman Catholic universities in Latin America.

Arts

Chile has made notable contributions in music and literature. The cueca is a lively folk dance in which couples swing hankerchiefs. The gultar is the favorite musical instrument.

The first famous literary work about Chile was a poem called La Araucana. It was written by Aionso de Ercilla y Zuniga, a Spanish army captain stationed in Chile. This poem published in the late 1500's, describes the struggles of the Araucanian Indians against the Spanish conquerors of Chile.

Claudio Arrau of Chile is one of the world's finest concert pianists.



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Two Chilean poets have won Nobel prizes for literature. Gabriela Mistral received the prize in 1945, and Pablo Neruda was awarded it in 1971.

Recreation

Soccer is Chile's main sport, as it is in most other Latin American countries. Thousands of Chileans watch professional teams play in large stadiums in Santiago and Valparaiso. Many towns hold celebrations after local soccer matces.

People fish for record-size marlin and swordfish in the Pacific Ocean and big trout in the inland lakes. Well-to-do Chleans enjoy horse racing, skiing in the Andes, tennis, and yachting.

Geography Area 292,135 sq. mi. larger than Texas

Location

Occupies western coast of Southern S.America

Economy

Industries: Steel, textiles, wood products Chief crops: Grain, onions, beans, potatoes, peas, fruits, grapes



Select materials related to ROCI: Chile - low-resolution scans only

	ail a	14:
1 4	Discussion at the Museum 17/13	2/
	R: Can you tell them that I think this is the most in	14
	R: Can you tell them that I think this is the most beautiful scene that	
	I've ever seen? Now, what's the problem? The flowers, right. We don't like these flowers. But yesterday all the flowers were taken	
	to probably 150 housesthat's good, we should have more flowers	
	but not these.	
	Okay, we're asking for it.	
	: Why have you thought to come to Chile? Is it	
	or is it absolutely marginal from an artistic point of view?	
	R: The question is the answer.	
	: He thinks that your coming is so exceptional. What do you intend,	
	coming to our country?	
	R: That's why I wanted to come here. So your question is my answer.	
	: He doesn't understand.	
	R: We're going to 22 different countries if we can find enough ways	
	to get there. One of the most important places that I wanted to go was	,
	in South American, Chile. The reason that I wanted to come here is	
	because I knew the least about it. I know that the politics and	
	everything is very tight, but I seriously believe that the artists	
	are the only ones with the open spirit that can communicate everywhere.	
	so far. Does that answer your question?	
	How did you manage to fill up this museum so full and in so short	
	a time?	
	R: We started right after the earthquake. With the works that were already	
	created, probably what, two weeks. I was here the first time in October	ŧ
	and my first assistant, Terry Van Brunt took a car and drove on as	
	many roads as we could find. In some cases, no roads. We may have made	
	new roads in the desert. And just talked to as many people as we	
	could find; and looked until the eyes swelled shut, and then I did	
	lots of photographs. And now you can either be excited or bored by the results. But it was since October last. How about you, what have you	
	been doing?	
	You go to another country. You go first and do another show completely	
	different than this one?	
	Absolutely, that's my test. And it's your test, too. But if I don't	
	succeed in presenting, representing each country uniquely, it's my faul	+
	as an artist.	U
	*	



Select materials related to ROCI: Chile - low-resolution scans only

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Q: To each country that you go is it a different piece of art, I mean you represent a different way each country?

RR: Sure.

Q: It is possible to know a country in such a short time?

RR: Let's explain the whole idea of R.O.C.I. It's a peace mission, without a missionary. When I worked in China, I worked in the world's first paper mill. I'm a romantic. Actually we still make paper just the way they made paper in the first paper mill. But I wanted to do it in China. The most difficult thing to accept, and the saddest of their plight, predicament is that they have no idea about how you live or anyone else. I had been working on the R.O.C.I. project for about six years, on this very expensive project, so that people thought I was crazy to do it, and so it was very difficult to get sponsorship. So we just started anyway. And we're just working from country to country. But the works that have been inspired by Chile are going to China and Tibet and Australia. I can't apologize if I'm not a great enought artist to be able to do it...because I have to live with him. But when I go to a country I'm a total alien and I move everywhere. Those contacts are usually a lot more than any individual can afford within that country.

- Q: If you would not get to know the country as good as a person who lives here, would you consider that your work wasn't finished, or a failure?
- RR: I would just stay longer and longer. I left Chile when my whole body was filled with so much new information that I was afraid I was going to lose some...that it would be injured in stacking.
- Q: Is there an American base in Easter Island?
- RR: I have no idea. I didn't go to Easter Island before either.
- Q: How did the video tape help to build your work?
- HR: I don't use the video tape to help build my work. It's just a very good device to show how old I'm getting...but about Easter Island, 1'll readdress that. The whole idea about R.O.C.I. is that through information about each other and around the world we might be able to stop some of the stupidity that are controlling us. I'm being controlled by probably an equal amount of stupidity as you are...you want to measure?
- Q: An artist should know about the things that surround him.
- RR: Absolutely, but graffiti isn't going to take care of it. Our trust in each other, which you don't have with me now, is going to be the only thing that's going to make a difference. As long as you feel that I'm



Select materials related to ROCI: Chile - low-resolution scans only

3)

your enemy then we can't talk.

- Q: Why do you think that she is your enemy?
- RR: Because she didn't look at my work and what I have outside.
- Q: She did. Why then can she not give an opinion about it?
- RR: It's good. That's good. My apology. But just as I don't like many things that the Pope does, and I'm not Catholic, I also don't like my own country putting a military base on Easter Island.
 - But our familiarity with each other, possibly, and the conscience of the artist...I think it's time for this sermonette, I believe with all my heart that the artists are the only people now, who can put this world back together.
- Q: Do you think that all this R.O.C.I. going around is like a huge lion (line?) collage?
- RR: Si. The historic work is going to move out of the vision, so that the show is moving into a cultural information center.
- Q: Which one is the high peak of your work?
- RR: From when?
- Q: Anytime?
- RR: The next one.
- Q: Speaking about your work, that she has seen here, the aspect that is most controversial and interesting is you change around the experience of a person from a sub-developed country, that is, you take an image from here to a big city in another country that has more strength, then you bring it back here—changed—from that important country to this underdeveloped country where we are.
- RR: This is actually one of the more sophisticated countries that we're going to visit, so don't worry about it.
- Q: Do you work with the reality that you turn a rock and give it correction to the Chilean (factory?)
- RR: Not corrected, out of context, so that one finds new facts because they are out of context. It's not an editorial. I experience it...now the question.
- Q: They seem a little suspectful of the innocence of your trip.
- RR: Would you like to sponsor it?
- Q: She thinks you have some buried informations about Chile.



Select materials related to ROCI: Chile - low-resolution scans only

4) RR: I never was here before...and I said also to many Chileans that geographically or physically this is one of the most beautiful countries in the world. I never said that about any other place. So don't be too suspectful. Q: In the content of your work with Chilean reality, which is the order of selection that determines which works, zones or fragments, realities? Which ones do you ___ and which ones do you incorporate, and which ones is your intention to give back to Chileans your work? RR: It's outside. I give you my past. I give you my present. You can choose to trust me or not trust me, but it's not an accident that I'm here. I have chosen to come here. I have chosen to ____ the earthquake. I have painted the walls of the museum. So I don't know what you are crying about. Q: I just wanted to ask if you are used to receiving such complicated questions? RR: I think so. Only from the artists...all the artists have complicated questions. Q: I don't agree. RR: That's one. Even when you say the artists have the most complicated questions, he doesn't agree. Q. Everybody wants to ask: HOw do you choose imagery you use? To work with the Chilean reality necessarily means to work with this reality in a discriminating form. What is your discriminating form of that reality? RR: Jeez, I didn't understand that either. Q: How do you choose what you think is the reality? RR: I said that I wasn't a critic. I use my eyes and anything that comes in front of me that I don't understand or that I've never seen before is part of my palette. Because it's part of your life. Q: She's like making fun of you. She says that your question is also her answer. RR: That's pretty tricky. I don't think, if that's part of her question, I don't think it's presumptious for her to ask, to be suspect of me. I probably saw and experienced, as an alien, more of Chile in a short span of time than most Chileans do in their entire life, because I'm not projudiced. Everything is an adventure to me because I don't belong here.



Select materials related to ROCI: Chile - low-resolution scans only

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	Q: From what you just said, that your work is not (more?) critical,
	are you an artist?
	RR: No, and I'm not blind either. So that what I see is recorded. 1'm
	more of a rebeller.
	Q: With all these difficult questions, that Chile has a reality, that you
	can look at with a limited point of view. There is a political reality
	that is very strong and that is very heavy over us. He thinks that
	all these complicated questions are the result of that. That perhaps
	you perceive or not. If you perceive and put in your work that
	political reality.
	RR: I think it's there. I know it, but if I paint like a soldier then I
	couldn't make it here and so there would be no chance for peace. Q: Then, what do you think exactly brought us back after October?
	back after october:
	RR. I have no idea. You have to do some of the work. I worked my ass off.
	It wasn't natural for me to come here. It cost me my entire house.
	So if you can't just look and answer your own question, I'm not interested in talking to you.
	Q: (A long question is asked in Spanish)
	RR: Don't translate, I'm just going to answer his question. If you can't
	find the warm answers in your question which exists in the reflections
	of the coppers, in the shadows, then you don't need me, you need eyes.
	Q:your work most important outside of Chile?
	RR: It's never been in Chile before. How could you measure?
	Q: Why did you bring it back?
	RR: I didn't bring it back; I just brought it here tonight. Or yesterday.
	Q: If you have chosen those special images here in Chile and they mean
	to us something different
	RR: I've never explained the imagery, like the iconography of my work,
	in any country. It's open.
	Q: I understand that. It's related to the questions she had in the sense
	that they want to know why you choose those images? What's your
	intention? Why do you bring them here?
	RR: Okay, we'll take them somewhere else, which is what we're going to
	do anyway. Explain that my choice in making artwork is only to make

more questions.



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6

- Q: What is the structural part of the proposition of your work? The fundamental structure?
- RR: I have wrapped these walls in it, which takes care of the last 40 years of my work...so tell them to go get hugged. No? don't get hugged? Why not, that's information.
- Q: You comment that Chile is beautiful, like a postcard. When you use copper it's like a commercial art. And then when you say you will take your way of looking at Chile to all other countries, it's possible that perhaps you just take half of it because you don't take the social problems. We're poor. We don't have any copper.
- RR: In Mexico they don't have shoes, too.

 1've always addressed my work to also include poverty. The reason
 I'm on this trip is to re-educate people about the fact that art is
 not for the elite and information is for everyone. Now, I'll take
 whatever medium it is to express that.
- Q: Who are the receivers of this peace mission of yours?
- RR: I think it's you.
- Q: Do you mean all people? Do you know that most people in this country don't have money to pay the bus to come here?
- RR: People in my country don't have the money to pay the bus either. But the overall activity of this exhibition is addressed to people finding out about other people so that they can trust each other. The politicians are going to continue lying all the time. The only thing is that we trust each other—and you are very suspect of me. You don't look at the other works, either.
- Q: The question is...
- KR: Never mind the question. Look at the answers downstairs...a piece of string. What does a piece of string mean?
- Q: I know that, but the question wasn't that.
- RR: 1 know the question wasn't that. The question absolutely bypasses that. You want to ask me what you think. You're not looking at my work, or from my point of view.
- Q: I did look at your work
- RR: Uh-huh.



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- Q: Mr. Rauschenberg, you have been the most important artist that has been to this country in all the history of this country. And here everybody begins to suspect because they are not accustomed to look at a real artist, just at his art. I think you are great and you make an artist...action no more. No politics, no Machiavelli, no nothing.
- RR: I needed that. Thank you.
- Q: This whole conversation has turned into something that seems to me kind of aggressive. By no means are our questions violent or aggressive. You probably have that impression. We think there is a problems with the translations also, because we understand your work. We're very glad you're here. Many of the questions come up because we don't really know why you are here and why you have chosen this place exactly...
- RR: Don't make me sorry.
- Q. ...this place, this museum, for your exhibit.
- RR: It's the most beautiful space in town and the only one that was offered me. Donoso said I should show in a church. And I said all the churches are full. Only this museum has the space. Plus you don't make political or religious discriminations. If we can pull something together.
- Q: He has never seen so much people huddle in here. He's glad.
- RR: Well, I'm glad I'm here, too.
- Q: You talk about the chaos of the world that can cure the artist...
- RR: No, the artist can cure the chaos. It's in our hands. We're the last pure conscience.
- Q: How ?
- RR: By work and not compromising. We go everywhere, even to Chile.

 It can't be art if you compromise. It can't be art if it's not the truth, and artists are the only ones who can afford the truth.

 ...maybe we should stop.
- (No, No! from the audience)
- Q: What does compromise mean to you? The word, literally translated, has a different meaning.
- RR: If your fact, coming from truth, if it passes through any other organism or organization, well, then it's not true. So the artist is the only one who acts direct. This includes dancers, writers, painters, sculptors. We're the greatest enemies to lies.



Select materials related to ROCI: Chile - low-resolution scans only

	8)	
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	Q:	Before being an artist, you are an individual and individuals are
		in the complex of the social life.
		: Artists are always anarchists. Individuals only
	Q:	We just had a very interesting exhibiton here in the museum of the
		period of Neo-realism in Germany just when NAZI forces were
		beginning to act. Do you consider George Gross, and
		and all those people were less artistic because they had
		a strong compromise with their country in definding the liberties
		that they were losing.
	RR:	Well, you know the answer to that or you wouldn't know the question
		so well
	Q:	Yes, but I would like you to say it.
	RR:	I studied with Joseph Albers. He's from the Bauhaus. Before they
		wanted to kill all of the Jews they wanted to get rid of the artists.
		So I think the artist goes anywhere he can carry the message. They
		didn't compromise. They were pointing out the strengths of Germany
		at that time, and the weaknesses.
	Q:	They compromise with the ones that were fighting for the good of
		their country. I think there is a language problem here with the word.
	Q:	Have you seen any CHilean art?
	RR:	No. Only when I went to the University to find out how you work on
		copper. But then I've met lots of artists here and had conversations,
		talking about the problems.
- S	Q:	If the pastic artcollaboratedas you have done before with
	DD.	sculptors, musicians
	RR:	Absolutely it's a very important part. Probably the most important
		aspect of art training in North America was that sculptors and dancers
		and writers and painters all work together. To make one product. It
		was anti-ego. Now the problem is that most of the artists that engaged
		in that are individually so famous that they can't afford to work with
		someone else. I still work with the last big collaboration that I
		did was with Trisha Brown Dance Company. She's an old friend of mine
		yes, great ballerinaand Laurie Anderson, musician. And I also
		did Talking Heads album cover. I try to stay out of the art world.
		The art world is over here, at this end of the table, so I'm at that
		end of the table.



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9)

Q: Do you think the artists are called to give the solutions to the chaos?

RR: Sure.

Q: How do you think that they can give this kind of solution?

RR: By staying pure.

Q: The artist is not driven completely the reality of the new morality.

RK: Of course not. They never did. They never were normal people. All artists are crazy...loco.

Q: The question was how do you think they can give a solution to the chaos if the person who is living there is not living a completely human reality?

RR: By keeping your own diary.

Q: Define please color, composition and structure.

RR: He talking to the person who thinks that an eraser is a good idea.

Q: Here's an invitation. Would you like to go to the University of Chile to the art school to do this same thing?

RR: I sort of did before. But I only talked to instructors.

#######



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Monday, July 15

With regard to the television interview with Channel 13 (Julio De Villegas of Catholic University Television Corporation), we should have a copy of the tape by tomorrow (16th) morning. It aired this evening at 9 p.m. It looked pretty good, showed a good deal of work and two segments of Bob speaking. Lasted about 4 minutes.

As for the killer critic, Waldemar Sommers afternoon interview at the museum today, Nena said his article would come out in the Sunday (if memory serves me correctly) issue of "El Mercurio."

Tuesday, July 16

- 11:30 a.m. Press conference at the museum. Will try to get some indication of who might be there. Nena said there would be about 10 to 15 from the major media but did not know individual names at the time I asked her about it.
- 1:30 p.m. Lunch at "El Mercurio" for Bob, Terry and Rubin (not Pam). Nena said she would take you there in her car. It takes about 25 minutes to get there so you should leave at about 1 p.m.

Wednesday, July 17

Possible lunch at the home of Carmen's sister.

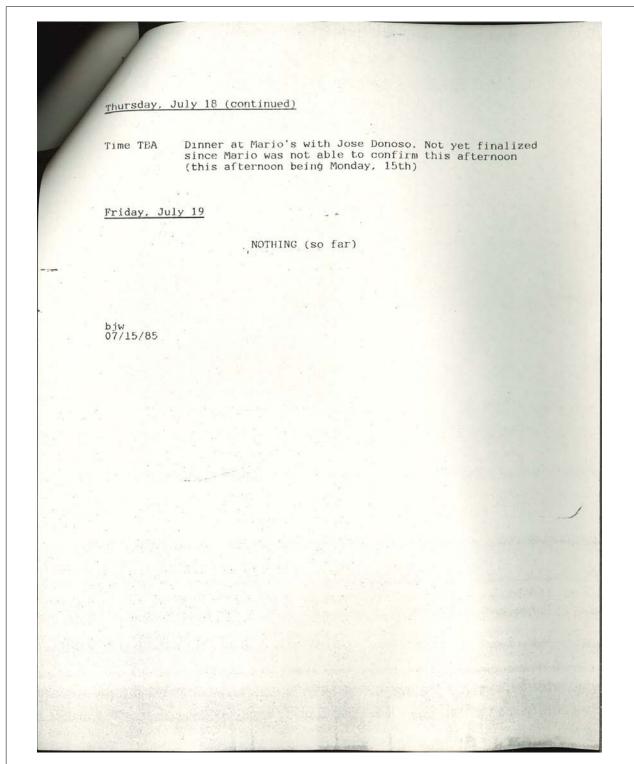
7:00 p.m. Opening

Thursday, July 18

- 1:30 p.m. Revamped luncheon at the Pre-Colombian Museum just for the R.O.C.I. people. Given by the Director, Carlos Aldunte.
- 5:00 p.m. General meeting with students, artists and writers at the museum. I've invited through Carmen the gentleman I mentioned this morning, Raoul Zurita, writer and poet. Nena informs me that he is a member of the avant garde and well respected. He's also invited to the opening.



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Notes from conversation with Don on 07/16:

On the topic of presentation of painting at the opening -

It would probably be best in light of everything that the painting be presented to Donoso for "the people of Chile." Should not be specified to the Museum or the Catholic University or anywhere else. That work should then go on through the rest of the tour and will be returned at the end of the tour. This will give us time to determine where it should be placed in light of the total situation here then. It can be returned through the auspices of the National Gallery. If Donoso will not accept, then another preeminent writer or other appropriate person get recommendations from Mario or Monica.

Regarding Donoso's statement -

Very poetic and beautiful. General context is very accurate even if some of the details are not. No absolutes out of context, inventing out of transgressing, putting into another order. Kind of statement a critic would write if critics could write that well. This statement was a great struggle - exceptional ideas. You (Bob) should be very pleased with it.

The meeting with Ted Kennedy -

He will help with the support language and will support the legislation. He is the one person who can deal with Pell and wants to work on the artists rights bill, copyright, and other items related to ROCI. Thinks Congress should recognize what Bob is doing if just through the legislative language. Sends Bob his regards.

***Don feels you should contact Donoso personally and immediately to issue him a special invitation to the opening and to request his acceptance of the painting for the people.

07/17/85 bjw



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PROGRAM DURING MR. ROBERT RAUSCHENBERG'S STAY IN CHILE - JULY 1985

Sunday, July 14

8:30 P.M.

Dinner at the residence of the United States Ambassa - dor, Mr. James Theberge, for Mr. RAUSCHENBERG & Party. Mr. Enrique Campos Menendez, Director of Libraries, Archives and Museums will assist. Also authorities in charge of art at the Ministry of Foreign Affairs and artists and writers.

Monday, July 15

12:00 P.M.

TV Channel 13 will interview Mr. Rauschenberg at the Museo Nacional de Bellas Artes.

5:00 P.M.

Interview at Hotel by Mr. Waldemar Sommers, art critic of EL MERCURIO

Tuesday, July 16

11:30 A.M.

Press Conference at the Museo Nacional de Bellas Artes.

1:30 P.M.

Lunch offered for Mr. Rauschenberg by EL MERCURIO, at the daily's headquarters. The Minister of Education and Mr. & Mrs. Agustin Edwards, will assist. Mr. Edwards heads EL MERCURIO. Mr. Terry van Brunt will be invited.

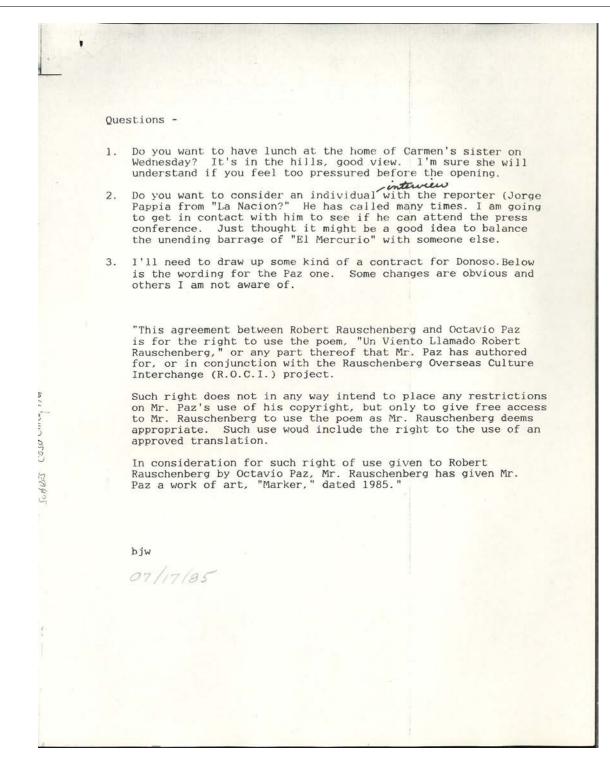


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Wednesday, July 17 19:00 P.M. Opening with reception of the R.O.C.I. Exhibition. The Minister of Education and other authorities will be present. Artists, writers and friends of the Museum have been invited, as well as diplomatic circles, the media and art critics. Thursday, July 18 Lunch at the Chilean Pre-Colombian Museum, offered by its Director, Mr. Carlos Aldunate, for Mr. Raus-chenberg. Mr. Enrique Campos M. and Mr. José Dono-so have been invited, as well as architect, Mr. Ser gio Larrain, who donated his Pre-Colombian collec-tion to the Museum; and historian, Mr. Julio Reta-1:30 P.M. mal. 5:00 P.M. We are organizing meeting at the Museo Nacional de Bellas Artes with artists and writers. Will inform you in time as to who will be present. 19:30 P.M. Cocktail-buffet offered for Mr. Rauschenberg by Mr. Horacio Aranguiz, Minister of Education.



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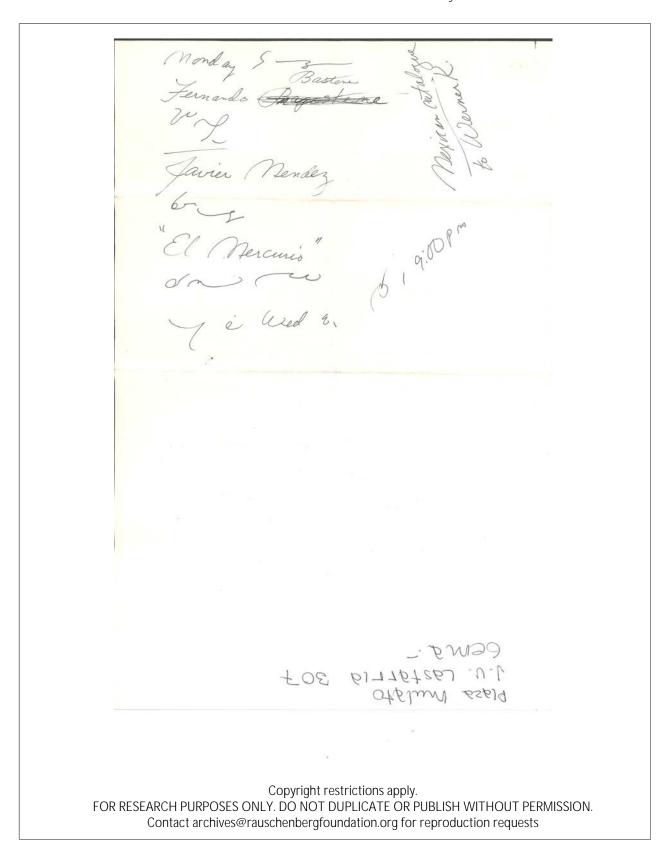
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We are organizing meeting at the Museo Nacional de Bellas Artes with artists and writers. Will inform you in time as to who will be present. 1:30 P.M. 5:00 P.M. Cooktain buffer of fered for Mr. Rauschenberg by Mr. 19:30 P.M. n at



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Events for Thursday, July 18: Luncheon for all R.O.C.I. people at the Pre-Colombian Museum.* Hosted by Director, Carlos Aldunte.

Museo Chileno DE Arte Pre Colombino 1:30 P.M. BANDERA 361 4:30 5:00 P.M. General meeting at the Museo de Bellas Artes for artists, writers, students. COCKTAILS AT NENA OSSA'S: CARMEN SYLVA 2311, 7:00 P.M. DEPARTAMENTO 72, ESQUINA (CORNER) DE SUECIA 9:00 P.M. Dinner at Mario Stein's for all R.O.C.I. employees. Jose Donoso will be there. We should take taxis to his place; he will arrange our return. Maps are attached. bjw



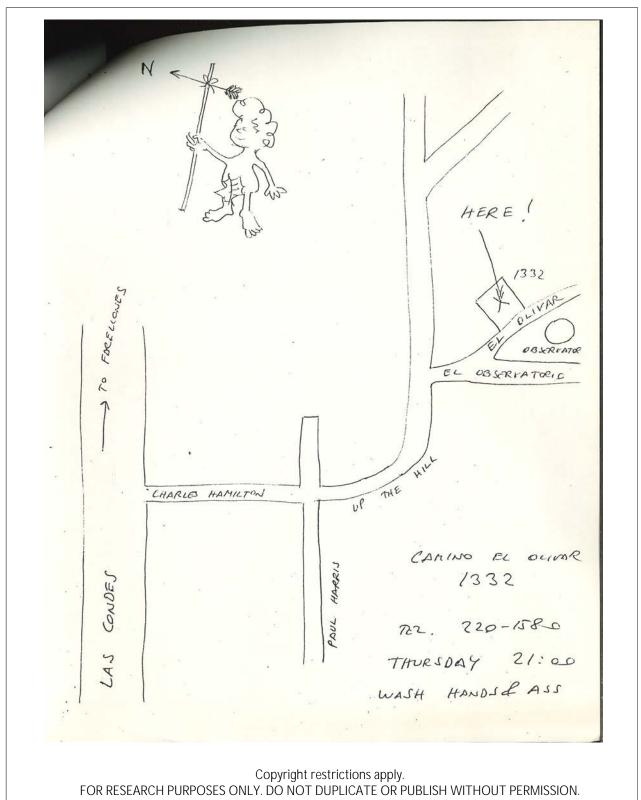
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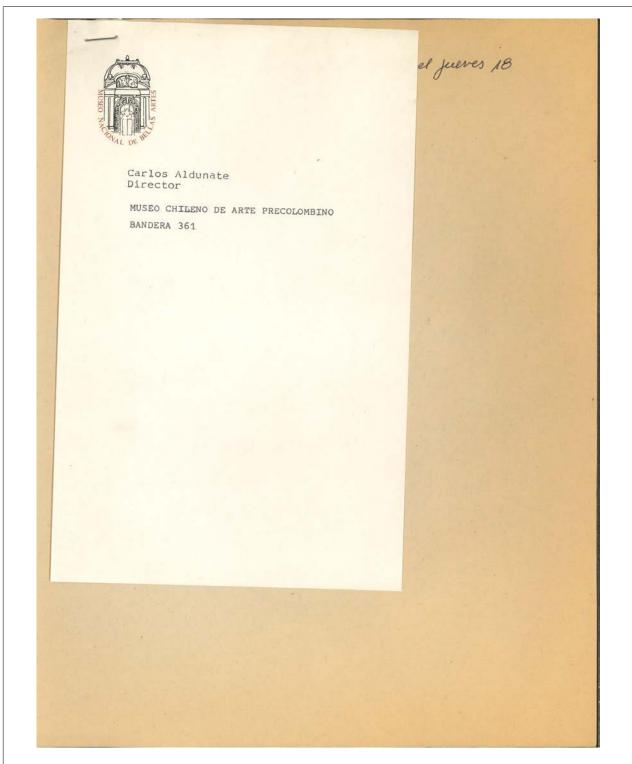
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	Chile
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SUNDAY: 144h	8:30pm - DINNER AT EMBASSY
2	- museum what ation,
MONDAY:	MID. DAY - TELEVISION INTERVIEW what item, where ?? Charmel 13
TUESDAY:	11:30 pm - PRESS CONFERENCE WELL VIOLED
Keth	1:30 pm - "EL MERCURIO" LUNCHEON AT
WEDNES.: 17th	7:00 pm - OPENING
THURSDAY:	- ? I pm - OPEN DISCUSSION W/UNIV.
18th	STUDENTS, ARTISTS, WRITERS, ETC, AT THE MUSEUM
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N. S.	10 h-13 6. W (-6.